

Stay home and take care of yourself. Call your provider if you get worse.

Sorry you're feeling ill. You have one or more symptom(s) that may be related to COVID-19.

Stay home and take care of yourself. You can follow some steps to prevent others in your household or community from getting sick. Do you have something to write with?

- Drink plenty of water and other clear liquids to prevent fluid loss (dehydration).
- Treat fever and cough with medicines you can buy at the store. Follow the directions on the label.
- **Stay home except to get medical care** You should restrict activities outside your home, except for getting medical care. Do not go to work, school, or public areas. Avoid using public transportation, ride-sharing, or taxis.
- **Separate yourself from others in your home** As much as possible, you should stay in a specific room and away from other people in your home. Also, you should use a separate bathroom, if available.
- Wear a facemask, if possible If you have cough, runny nose, or sneezing, wear a facemask when you
 are around other people (e.g., sharing a room or vehicle) and especially before you enter a healthcare
 provider's office. If you are not able to wear a facemask (for example, because it causes trouble breathing),
 then people who live with you should not stay in the same room with you, or they should wear
 a facemask if they enter your room.
- **Cover your coughs and sneezes** Cover your mouth and nose with a tissue when you cough or sneeze. Throw used tissues in a lined trash can; immediately clean your hands.
- Clean your hands often Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds or clean your hands with an alcohol-based hand sanitizer that contains 60 to 95% alcohol, covering all surfaces of your hands and rubbing them together until they feel dry. Soap and water should be used preferentially if hands are visibly dirty. Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.
- Avoid sharing personal household items You should not share dishes, drinking glasses, cups, eating
 utensils, towels, or bedding with other people or pets in your home. After using these items, they should
 be washed thoroughly with soap and water.
- Clean all "high-touch" surfaces everyday High touch surfaces include counters, tabletops, doorknobs, bathroom fixtures, toilets, phones, keyboards, tablets, and bedside tables. Also, clean any surfaces that may have blood, stool, or body fluids on them. Use a household cleaning spray or wipe, according to the label instructions. Labels contain instructions for safe and effective use of the cleaning product including precautions you should take when applying the product, such as wearing gloves and making sure you have good ventilation during use of the product.
- **Monitor your symptoms** Seek prompt medical attention if your illness is worsening (e.g., difficulty breathing). Put on a facemask before you enter the facility. These steps will help the healthcare provider's office to keep other people in the office or waiting room from getting sick.

You can find more information about COVID-19 on CDC's website – www.cdc.gov/coronavirus.

Consider Follow Up – Based on your clinic/practice, usual protocol, and/or guidance from your Medical Director, consider placing follow-up calls to any patient advised to contact their provider to ensure that they sought medical advice, assess if their condition has improved or worsened, and to determine final disposition.